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## SURVEY OF MULTIPLE JOBHOLDING, AUSTRALIA, AUGUST 1966

A survey of the nature and extent of multiple jobholding in Australia was conducted in August 1966. A similar survey was conducted in November 1965 and the results were published in Statistical Bulletin 465 (5 August 1966).
2. The surveys were based on a multi-stage area sample, and covered all employed civilians aged 15 years and over ( 14 years and over in the November 1965 survey), other than certain diplomatic personnel customarily excluded from the census and from the post-censal estimated pepulations. For the purposes of the survey, employed persons were defined as those who, during the survey week:
(a) did any work for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind, in a job or business, or on a farm (the category includes employees, employers and workers on own account), or
(b) worked 15 hours or more without pay in a family business (or farm) owned and operated by a member of the same household, or
(c) had a job, business or fari, but were not at work because of illness, accident, leave or holiday, industrial dispute or because of production holdup due to bad weather, plant breakdown, etc.
3. The numbers of multiple jobholders shown in the tables do not include persons who were described as employers or self-employed in two businesses (including farms). They comprise only those persons who were employed in at least one of their jobs as a wage or salary earner or as an unpaid family helper (as defined above).
4. second job during the survey week (for pay or profit or without pay in a family business) or who had in the survey week a second job from which they were temporarily absent. For the purposes of the surveys a second job did not exclude such occupations as those of professional sportsmen, part-time musicians, paid coaches and the like. Persons who by the very nature of their employment worked for more than one employer, e.g. domestics, odd-job men, baby-sitters, etc., were not counted as multiple jobholders unless they also held another job of a different kind, nor were those who worked for more than one employer solely by reason of changing jobs during the survey week.
5. The November 1965 survey was largely exploratory and some of the questions were modified in the August 1966 survey. In November 1965 the number of persons who were reported as being temporarily absent from a job at which they usually worked was somewhat overstated by the inclusion of persons who usually had a second job but who did not actually hold it in the survey week and, to a minor extent, by the inclusion of some persons who did not usually work at both of their jobs in the one week. The first source of overstatement was eliminated in the August 1966 survey by an appropriate change to the relevant question, and as a result the totals shown in the tables for August 1966 for all persons who held a second job in the survey week are not strictly comparable with those for November 1965. However, the figures shown for persons who actually worked in a second job in the survey week are not affected.
6. Since the survey estimates are based on a sample they are subject to sampling variability, that is, variations that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population is enumerated. Estimates of less than 5,000 are not published in the tables because they would be subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes. Although figures for these small components can, in some cases, be derived from the tables by deduction, undue significance should not be attached to them. Further information on variability of survey estimates is available on request.

NOTE. - Any discrepancies between totals and sums of components are due to rounding.

TABLE 1. - PERSONS WITH MORE THAN ONE JOB (a), BY OCCUPATIONAL STATUS IN MAIN AND 'SECOND JOBS, AUSTRALIA, NOV EMBER 1965 AND AUGUST 1966
( ${ }^{1} 000$ )


PERSONS WHO ACTUALLY WORKED IN A SECOND JOB IN SURVEY WEEK


ALL PERSONS WHO HELD A SECOND JOB IN SURVEY WEEK (d)

(a) Comprises only those civilians who were employed in at least one of their jobs as a wage or selary earner or as an unpaid family helper. See note (c). Figures for August 1966 relate to persons aged 15 years and over; those for November 1965 to persons aged 14 years and over, the number of 14 year olds included being approximately 100. (b) The main job is the job at which most hours were worked during the survey week or, where no hours were worked or the hours were equal, the jub considered by the respondent to be the main job. (c) Includes a small number of unpaid family helpers, i.e. persons who worked 15 hours or more without pay in a family business owned and operated by a member of the same household. (d) Figures for November 1965 include persons who did not work in a second job during the survey week, but who stated that they usually held one; see paragraph 5, page 1.

* Less than 5,000. See paragraph 6, page 1。

TABLE 2. - PERSONS WITH MORE THAN ONE JOB (a), STATES,
NOVEMBER 1265 AND AUGUST 1266
(1000)

| Particulars | Date | N.S.W. | Vic. | Q1d | S.A. | W.A. | Tas. | Aust. <br> (b) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Persons who actually worked in a Second Job in Survey Teek | Nov. | 36.1 | 30.1 | 10.5 | 17.6 | 11.5 | 5.0 | 113.3 |
|  | Aug. | 44.4 | 33.5 | 10.1 | 18.1 | 10.7 | 5.7 | 125.2 |
| All persons who held a Second Job in Survey Week (c) | Nov 1965 | 49.6 | 36.1 | 15.1 | 21.3 | 14.9 | 7.1 | 146.5 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | 53.0 | 38.0 | 14.3 | 20.7 | 12.7 | 6.5 | 148.0 |

(a) See note (a) to Table 1. (b) Includes the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory. (c) See note (d) to Table 1 .

NOTE. - In this table separate figures have not been shown for males and females, the number of females being too small to show in the detail given above. The surveys indicated that in August 1966 there were 20,900 female multiple jobholders, of whom 8,400 were in New South Wales and 5,000 in Victoria; corresponding figures for November 1965 were $19,400,6,400$ and 5,100.

TABLE 3. - PERSONS WITH MORE THAN ONE JOB (a), BY AGE GROUP
AND MARITAL STATUS, AUSTRALIA, AUGUST 1966
('000)

| Age Group (Years) | Married |  |  | Not Married (b) |  |  | Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Persons | Males | ales | Persons | Males | Females | Persons |
| PERSONS WHO ACTUALLY WORKED IN A SECOND JOB IN SURVEY WEEK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-24 | 6.9 | * | 8.1 | 12.7 |  | 17.0 | +19.6 |  | 25.1 |
| 25-34 | 28.2 |  | 30.5 ) |  | , | ) | 31.4 | ) | 34.9 |
| 35-44 | 29.6 | 6.6 | 31.9 | 5.3 | * | ) | 31.2 | ) | 34.9 |
| 45-54 | 15.0 |  | 17.0 ) | - | * | * | 15.5 | ) | 18.8 |
| 55 and over | 8.9 | * | 9.4 | * | * | * | +10.0 | * | 11.6 |
| TOTAL | 88.6 | 8.2 | 96.8 | 19.0 | 9.4 | 28.4 | 107.6 | 17.6 | 125.2 |

all persons who held a second job in survey week (c)

| $15-24$ | 8.1 | $*$ | 9.3 | 15.7 | 5.5 | 21.2 | 23.8 | 6.7 | 30.5 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $25-34$ | 32.6 |  | 35.4 |  | $*$ | 5.3 | 36.4 |  | 40.7 |
| $35-44$ | 34.7 | 5.7 | 37.6 |  |  | $*$ |  | 36.8 | 9.1 |
| $45-54$ | 17.2 | $*$ | 19.2 | $*$ | $*$ | 6.1 | 18.0 | $*$ | 21.4 |
| 55 and over | 10.8 | $*$ | 11.3 | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | 12.2 | $*$ | 13.9 |

(a) See note (a) to Table 1.
(b) Includes never married, widowed and divorced.
(c) See paragraph 5, page 1. * Less than 5,000. See paragraph 6, page 1.
(ro00)

| Occupation Group | Persons who actually worked in a Second Job in Survey Week |  | All persons who held a Second Job in Survey Week <br> (b) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Main Job (c) | Second Job | Main Job (c) | Second Job |
| Professional, technical, etc. workers | 17.2 | 21.1 | 19.9 | 24.8 |
| Administrative, executive, managerial and clerical workers | 25.3 | 11.8 | 29.4 | 14.2 |
| Sales workers | 9.6 | 10.9 | 11.4 | 12.7 |
| Farmers, fishermen, etc. | 15.7 | 25.3 | 21.8 | 32.3 |
| Transport and communication workers | 9.7 | 9.5 | 10.9 | 10.7 |
| Craftsmen, production workers and labourers (d) | 38.3 | 16.2 | 44.0 | 19.0 |
| Service, sport and recreation workers | 9.4 | 30.5 | 10.5 | 34.3 |
| total | 125.2 | 125.2 | 148.0 | 148.0 |

(a) See note (a) to Table 1. (b) See paragraph 5, page 1. (c) The main job is the job at which most hours were worked during the survey week or, where no hours were worked or the hours were equal, the job considered by the respondent to be the main job.
(d) Includes a small number of miners, quarrymen and related workers.

NOTE. - Of the 20,900 female multiple jobholders, 7,700 were employed in their main job in the administrative, executive, managerial and clerical group, and 7,700 were employed in their second job in the service, sport and recreation group.

## TABLE 5. - PERSONS WITH MORE THAN ONE JOB (a) , BY INDUSTRY GROUP OF MAIN AND SECOND JOBS, AUSTRALIA, AUGUST 1266 <br> ( 1000 )

| Industry Group | Persons who actually worked in a Second Job in Survey Week. |  | All persons who held a Second Job in Survey Week <br> (b) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Main Job (c) | Second Job | Main Job (c) | Second Job |
| Primary Production | 15.2 | 23.7 | 21.4 | 29.9 |
| Manufacturing | 31.8 | 9.6 | 36.0 | 12.0 |
| Building and Construction | 9.4 | 5.2 | 10.9 | 6.0 |
| Transport and Communication | 8.7 | 7.3 | 9.7 | 8.3 |
| Commerce | 19.4 | 17.0 | 23.2 | 20.1 |
| Public Authority (n.e.i。) and Community and Business Services | 23.0 | 19.8 | 26.1 | 22.5 |
| Amusement, Hotels, Cafes, Personal Service, etc。 | 6.8 | 40.7 | 8.1 | 46.7 |
| Other Industries (d) | 10.8 | * | 12.5 | * |
| total | 125.2 | 125.2 | 148.0 | 148.0 |

(a) See note (a) to Table 10 (b) See paragraph 5, page 1. (c) The main job is the job at which most hours were worked during the survey week or, where no hours were worked or the hours were equal, the job considered by the respondent to be the main job. (d) Com prises Mining and Quarrying, Electricity, Gas, Water and Sanitary Services, Finance and Property. * Less than 5,000. See paragraph 6, page 1.

NOTE. - Of the 20,900 female multiple jobholders, 6,900 were employed in their main job in Public Authority (n.e.i.) and Community and Business Services. In their second job, 5,100 were employed in this group, and 9,000 in Amusement, Hotels,

TABLE 6. - PERSONS WITH NORE THAN ONE JOB (a) : INDUSTRY GROUP OF MAIN JOB BY INDUSTRY GROUP OF SECOND JOB AUSTRALIA, AUGOST 1965 ALL PERSONS WHO HELD A SECOND JOB (b)
( 1000 )

| Industry Group of Main Job (c) | Industry Group of Second Job |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Primary Production | Manufacturing | Commerce | Public Authority (n.e.i.) and Community and Business Services | Amusement, Hotels, Cafes, Personal Service, etc. | Other <br> Industries | Total |
| Primary Production | 14.2 | * | * | * | * | * | 21.4 |
| Manufacturing | 5.4 | * | 6.1 | * | 13.2 | * | 36.0 |
| Commerce | * | * | * | * | $9 \cdot 7$ | * | 23.2 |
| ```Public Authority (n.e.i.) and Community and Business Services``` | * | * | * | 11.4 | 6.6 | * | 26.1 |
| Other Industries | 6.1 | * | 5.4 | 5.3 | 15.9 | 6.1 | 41.3 |
| TOTAL | 29.9 | 12.0 | 20.1 | 22.5 | 46.7 | 16.8 | 148.0 |

(a) See note (a) to Table 1. (b) See paragraph 5, page 1. (c) The main job is the job at which most hours were worked during the surve: week or, where no hours were worked or the hours were equal, the job considered by the respondent to be the main job. * Less than 5,000 . See paragraph 6, page 1.

NOTE. - Of the 20,900 female multiple jobholders, 5,100 were employed in their second job in Public Authority (n.e.i.) and Community and Business Services and 9,000 in Amusement, Hotels, Cafes, Personal Service, etc.

TABLE 7．－PERSONS WITH MORE THAN ONE JOB（a），BY HOURS WORKED IN MAIN AND SECOND JOBS，AUSTRALIA，AUGUST 1966

ALL PERSONS WHO HELD A SECOND JOB（b）
（ 1000 ）

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hours worked } \\ & \text { in Main Job (c) } \end{aligned}$ | Hours worked in Second Job |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | 1－4 | 5－9 | 10－14 | 15－19 | 20 and over | Total |
| 0 $1-14$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | （ 6.2 |
| $1-14$ $15-24$ |  | 7.5 | 7.1 | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | （ 8.2 |
| 25－34 |  | ． | 7.2 |  |  |  | （ 14.3 |
| 35－40 | － 9.6 | 17.2 | 22.0 | 12.7 | 9.2 | 11.3 | 81.9 |
| 41－44 |  |  |  |  |  |  | （ 9.4 |
| 45－48 | ） 5.3 | 5.5 | 7.8 | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | （ 10.9 |
| 49－60 |  |  |  |  |  |  | （ 10.7 |
| 61 and over | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ |
| TOTAL | 22.8 | 30.9 | 37.9 | 21.2 | 16．0 | 19.6 | 148.0 |

（a）See note（a）to Table 1。（b）See paragraph 5，page 1。（c）The main job is the job at which most hours were worked during the survey week or，where no hours were worked or the hours were equal，the job considered by the respondent to be the main job． ＊Less than 5，000．See paragraph 6，page 1.

NOTE．－Of the 20,900 female multipie jobhoiders， 5,400 worked for 1－4 hours in their second job and 5，700 for 5－9 hours．

TABLE 8．－PERSONS WITH MORE THAN ONE JOB（a），BY WORK PATTERN OF MAIN AND SECOND JOBS，AUSTRALIA，AUGUST 1966 PERSONS WHO ACTUALLY WORKED IN A SECOND JOB IN SURVEY WEEK
（ 1000 ）

| Main Job（e） | Second Job |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weekdays（b） | Weeknights（c） | Weekends（d） | Total |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 23.6 \\ * \\ 27.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 31.5 \\ * \\ 31.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 47.5 \\ * \\ 48.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 102.2 \\ 5.0 \\ 107.6 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Females }= \text { Weekdays (b) } \\ & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | 5.3 6.8 | $\begin{array}{r} 5.5 \\ * \\ 5.6 \end{array}$ | 5．1 ${ }_{\text {＊}}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15.7 \\ * \\ 17.6 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Persons - Weekdays (b) } \\ \text { Other } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29.0 \\ 5.2 \\ 34.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 37.1 \\ * \\ 37.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 52.3 \\ * \\ 53.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 118.4 \\ 6.8 \\ 125.2 \end{array}$ |

（a）See note（a）to Table 1．（b） 6 a．m．to $6 p_{0} m_{0}$, Monday to Friday．（c） 6 p．m．to 6 a omo，Monday／Tuesday to Friday／Saturday．（d）Between 6 a。mon Saturday and 6 a．m． on Monday．（e）The main job is the job at which most hours were worked during the survey week or，where no hours were worked or the hours were equal，the job considered by the respondent to be the main job．＊Less than 5，000．See paragraph 6，page 1.

TABLE 9. - PERSONS WITH MORE THAN ONE JOB (a), BY INDUSTRY GROUP AND WORK PATTERN OF SECOND JOB, AUSTRALIA, AUGUST 1966
PERSONS WHO ACTUALLY WORKED IN A SECOND JOB IN SURVEY WEEK
(1000)

| Industry Group of Second Job | Work Pattern of Second Job |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weekdays (b) | Weeknights (c) | Weekends (d) | Total |
| Primary Production | 9.4 | * | 13.8 | 23.7 |
| Manufacturing | * | * | * | 9.6 |
| Commerce | 6.1 | * | 7.5 | 17.0 |
| Public Authority (n.e.i.) and Community and Business Services | 6.0 | 11.0 | * | 19.8 |
| Amusement, Hotels, Cafes, Personal Service, etc. | 5.0 | 16.3 | 19.5 | 40.7 |
| Other Industries | 5.6 | * | 6.2 | 14.4 |
| TOTAL | 34.2 | 37.5 | 53.5 | 125.2 |

(a) See note (a) to Table 1. (b) 6 a.m. to 6 p.m., Monday to Friday. (c) 6 p.m. to 6 a.m., Monday/Tuesday to Friday/Saturday.
(d) Between 6 a.m. on Saturday and 6 a.m. on Monday. * Less than 5,000. See paragraph 6, page 1.

COMMONWEALTH BUREAU OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS
CANBERRA, A.C.T.
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K. M. ARCHER

COMMONWEALTH STATISTICIAN

NOTE. - Inquiries concerming these statistics may be made in Canberra by telephoning 41971 extension 10.

